

STD	What to Watch For	How You Get It	If You Don't Get Treated
Chlamydia or NGU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 7-28 days after having sex. • Chlamydia affects women and men. In men, chlamydia can cause NGU • Most women and some men have no symptoms. <p>Women:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discharge from the vagina. • Bleeding from the vagina between periods. • Burning or pain when you urinate. • Pain in abdomen, sometimes with fever and nausea. <p>Men:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Watery, white drip from the penis. • Burning or pain when you urinate. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Need to urinate more often. • Swollen or tender testicles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has chlamydia. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give chlamydia to your sex partner(s). • Can lead to more serious infection. Reproductive organs can be damaged. • Women and possibly men may no longer be able to have children. • A mother with chlamydia can give it to her baby during childbirth.
Genital Warts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 1-8 months after contact with HPV, the virus that causes genital warts. (Another type of HPV is linked to cervical cancer in women). • Many people with HPV have no symptoms. • Small, bumpy warts on the sex organs and anus. • Itching or burning around the sex organs. • After warts go away, the virus sometimes stays in the body. The warts can come back. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex and sometimes by genital touching with someone who has genital warts. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give genital warts to your sex partner(s). • Warts may go away on their own, remain unchanged, or grow and spread. • A mother with warts can give them to her baby during childbirth. • You could have a type of HPV that's linked to cervical cancer.
Gonorrhea	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 2-21 days after having sex. • Most women and some men have no symptoms. <p>Women:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thick yellow or gray discharge from the vagina. • Burning or pain when you urinate or have a bowel movement. • Abnormal periods or bleeding between periods. • Cramps and pain in the lower abdomen (belly). <p>Men:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thick yellow or greenish drip from the penis. • Burning or pain when you urinate or When you have a bowel movement. • Need to urinate more often. • Swollen or tender testicles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has gonorrhea. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give gonorrhea to your sex partner(s). • Can lead to more serious infection. Reproductive organs can be damaged. • Both men and women may no longer be able to have children. • Can cause heart trouble, skin disease, arthritis and blindness. • A mother with gonorrhea can give it to her baby in the womb or during childbirth.
Hepatitis B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 1-9 months after contact with the hepatitis B virus • Many people have no symptoms or mild symptoms. • Flu-like feelings that don't go away. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tiredness. • Jaundice (yellow skin). • Dark urine, light-colored bowel movement. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has hepatitis B. • Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for any other reason. • Spread by contact with infected blood. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give Hepatitis B to your sex partner(s) or someone you share a needle with. • Some people recover completely. • Some people cannot be cured. Symptoms go away, but they can still give hepatitis B to others. • Can cause permanent liver damage. • A mother with hepatitis B can give it to her baby during childbirth.
Herpes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 1-30 days or longer after having sex. • Some people have no symptoms. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flu-like feelings. • Small, painful blisters on the sex organs or mouth. • Itching or burning before the blisters appear. • Blisters last 1-3 weeks. • Blisters go away, but you still have herpes. Blisters can come back. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex, and sometimes by genital touching, with someone who has herpes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give herpes to your sex partner(s). • Herpes cannot be cured. • A mother with herpes can give it to her baby during childbirth.
HIV/AIDS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up several months to several years after contact with HIV, the virus that causes AIDS. • Can be present for many years with no symptoms. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unexplained weight loss or tiredness. • Flu-like feelings that don't go away. • Diarrhea. • White spots in the mouth. • In women, yeast infections that don't go away. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vagina, anal or oral sex with someone who has HIV. • Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for any other reason. • Spread by contact with infected blood. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give HIV to your sex partner(s) or someone you share a needle with. • HIV cannot be cured. Can cause illness and death. • A mother with HIV can give it to her baby in the womb, during childbirth or while breastfeeding.
Syphilis	<p>1st stage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 1-12 weeks after having sex. • A painless sore or sores on the mouth or sex organs. • Sore lasts 2-6 weeks • Sore goes away, but you still have syphilis. <p>2nd stage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up as the sore heals or after. • A rash anywhere on the body. • Flu-like feelings. • Rash and flu-like feelings go away, but you still have syphilis. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal, anal or anal sex with someone who has syphilis. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give syphilis to your sex partner(s). • A mother with syphilis can give it to her baby during pregnancy or have a miscarriage. • Can cause heart disease, brain damage, blindness and death.
Trichomoniasis ("Trich") or NGU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms show up 3-14 days after having sex. • Affects both women and men. In men, trich can cause NGU. • Many people have no symptoms. <p>Women:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Itching, burning or irritation in the vagina. • Yellow, greenish or gray discharge from the vagina. <p>Men:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Watery, white drip from the penis. • Burning or pain when you urinate. • Need to urinate more often. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spread during vaginal sex. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can give trich to your sex partner(s). • Uncomfortable symptoms will continue. • Men can get infections in the prostate gland.